

Philips

Diode BYV99

Datasheet

# Silicon Diode

## **BYV99**

600V/1A

# DATASHEET

OEM – Philips

Source: Philips Databook 1999

## Ultra fast low-loss controlled avalanche rectifier

BYV99

**FEATURES**

- Glass passivated
- Low leakage current
- Excellent stability
- Guaranteed avalanche energy absorption capability
- Available in ammo-pack.

**DESCRIPTION**

Rugged glass SOD57 package, using a high temperature alloyed construction.

This package is hermetically sealed and fatigue free as coefficients of expansion of all used parts are matched.



MAM047

Fig.1 Simplified outline (SOD57) and symbol.

**LIMITING VALUES**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
$V_{RRM}$	repetitive peak reverse voltage	$T_{ip} = 50^\circ\text{C}$ ; lead length = 10 mm; see Fig. 2;	–	600	V
$V_R$	continuous reverse voltage	$T_{amb} = 60^\circ\text{C}$ ; PCB mounting (see Fig. 10); see Fig. 3;	–	600	V
$I_{F(AV)}$	average forward current	averaged over any 20 ms period; see also Fig. 6	–	1.00	A
$I_{FRM}$	repetitive peak forward current	$T_{ip} = 50^\circ\text{C}$ ; see Fig. 4	–	9	A
$I_{FSM}$	non-repetitive peak forward current	$T_{ip} = 50^\circ\text{C}$ ; see Fig. 5	–	5	A
$E_{RSM}$	non-repetitive peak reverse avalanche energy	$t = 10 \text{ ms half sine wave}$ ; $T_j = T_{j\max}$ prior to surge; $V_R = V_{RRM\max}$	–	20	A
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature	$L = 120 \text{ mH}$ ; $T_j = T_{j\max}$ prior to surge; inductive load switched off	–65	+175	°C
$T_j$	junction temperature		–65	+150	°C

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**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$V_F$	forward voltage	$I_F = 1 \text{ A}; T_j = T_{j,\max};$ see Fig. 7	–	–	1.5	V
		$I_F = 1 \text{ A};$ see Fig. 7	–	–	2.7	V
$V_{(BR)R}$	reverse avalanche breakdown voltage	$I_R = 0.1 \text{ mA}$	700	–	–	V
		$V_R = V_{RRM,\max};$ see Fig. 8	–	–	5	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_R$	reverse current	$V_R = V_{RRM,\max}; T_j = 150^\circ\text{C};$ see Fig. 8	–	–	75	$\mu\text{A}$
		when switched from $I_F = 0.5 \text{ A}$ to $I_R = 1 \text{ A};$ measured at $I_R = 0.25 \text{ A};$ see Fig. 12	–	–	15	ns
$C_d$	diode capacitance	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}; V_R = 0 \text{ V};$ see Fig. 9	–	75	–	pF
$\left  \frac{dI_R}{dt} \right $	maximum slope of reverse recovery current	when switched from $I_F = 1 \text{ A}$ to $V_R \geq 30 \text{ V}$ and $dI_F/dt = -1 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s};$ see Fig. 11	–	–	3	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

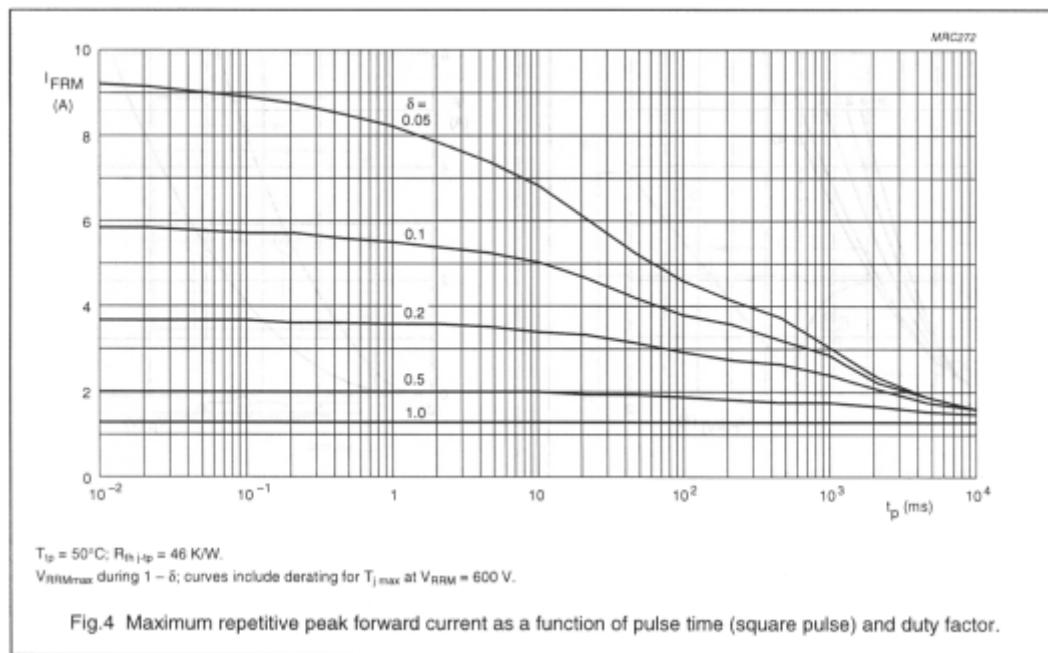
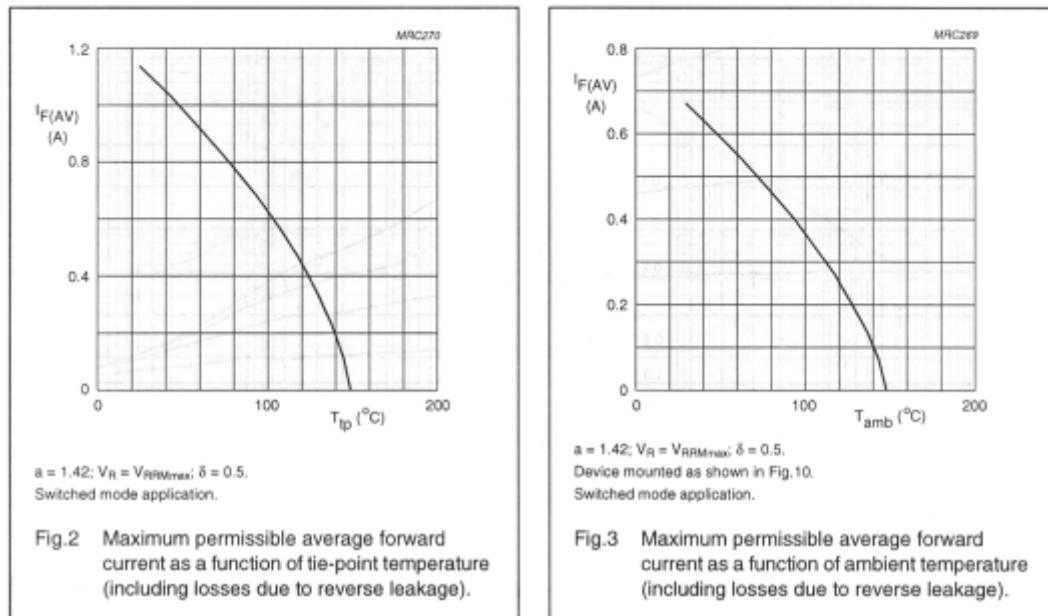
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$R_{th,j-tp}$	thermal resistance from junction to tie-point	lead length = 10 mm	46	K/W
$R_{th,j-a}$	thermal resistance from junction to ambient	note 1	100	K/W

## Note

- Device mounted on an epoxy-glass printed-circuit board, 1.5 mm thick; thickness of Cu-layer  $\geq 40 \mu\text{m}$ , see Fig.10.  
For more information please refer to the 'General Part of Handbook SC01'.

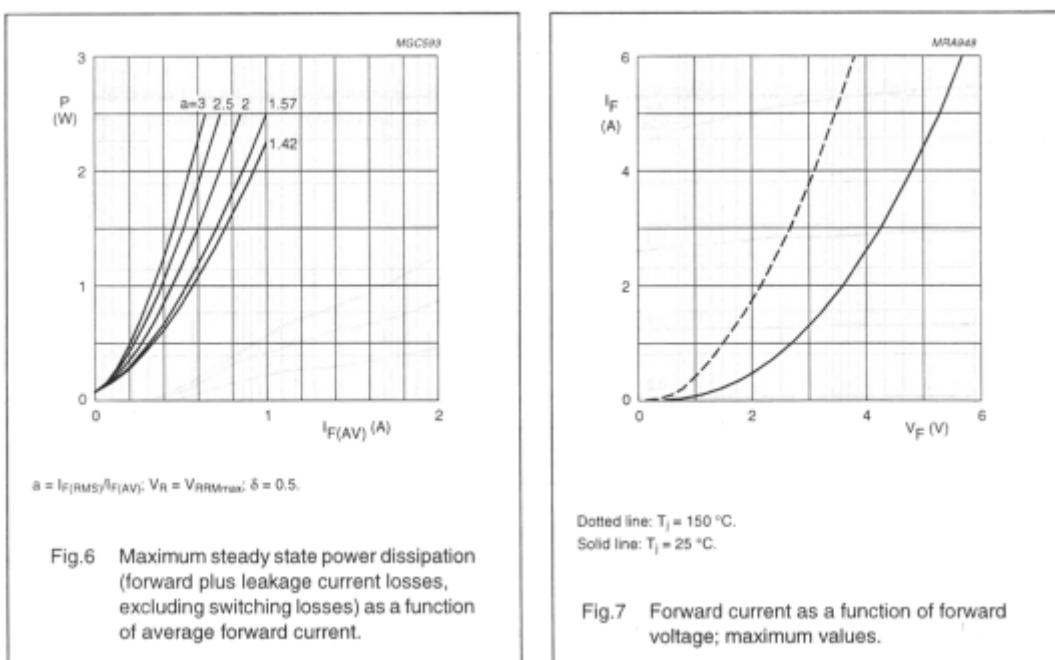
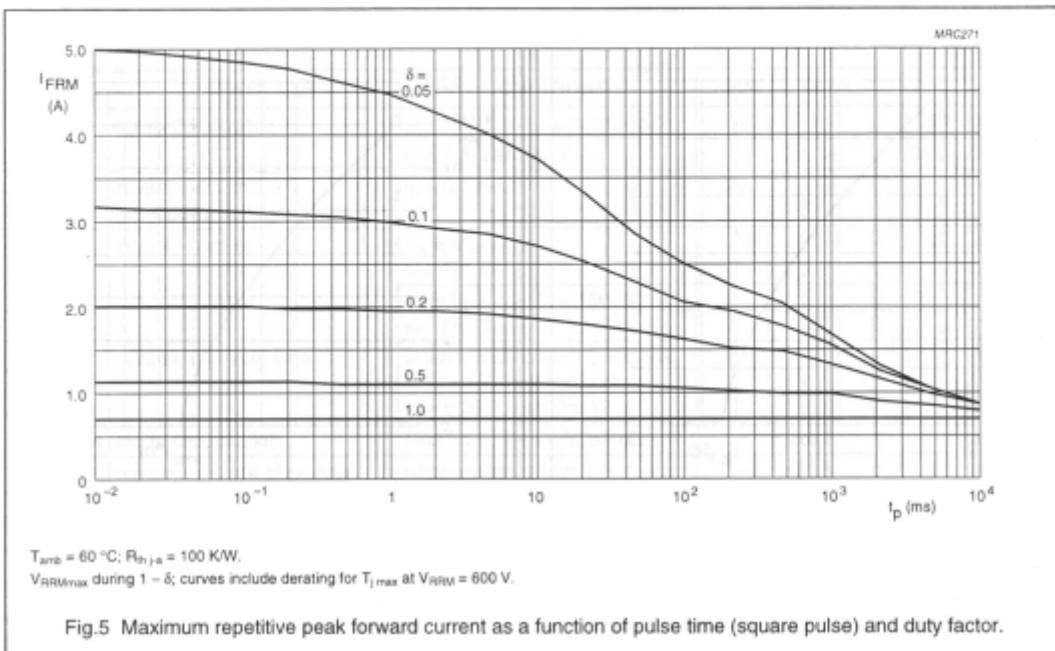
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**GRAPHICAL DATA**

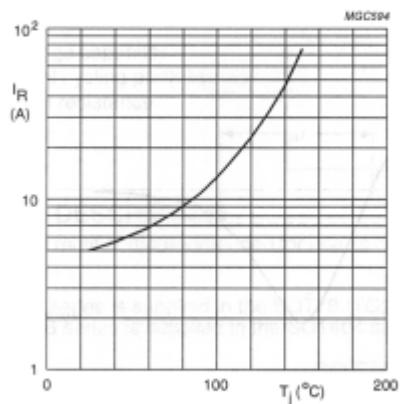
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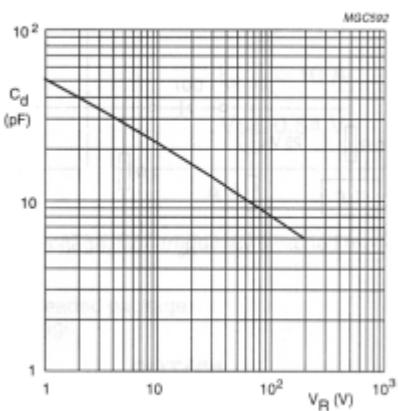
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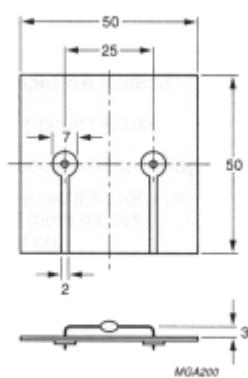
$V_R = V_{RRMmax}$

Fig.8 Reverse current as a function of junction temperature; maximum values.



$f = 1 \text{ MHz}; T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Fig.9 Diode capacitance as a function of reverse voltage; typical values.



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.10 Device mounted on a printed-circuit board.

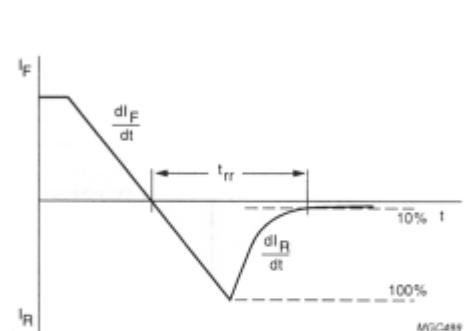


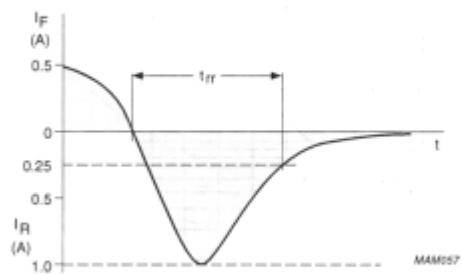
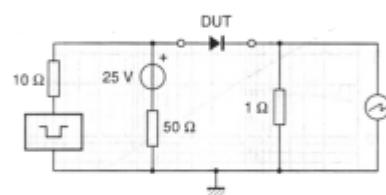
Fig.11 Reverse recovery definitions.

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Input impedance oscilloscope:  $1 \text{ M}\Omega$ ,  $22 \text{ pF}$ ;  $t_r \leq 7 \text{ ns}$ .  
Source impedance:  $50 \Omega$ ;  $t_r \leq 15 \text{ ns}$ .

Fig.12 Test circuit and reverse recovery time waveform and definition.